The Bedford Gazette.

BY MEYERS & MENGEL. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 8, 1867. VOL. 61.—WHOLE No. 5,383.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is published every Friday morning by MEYERS & MENGEL, at $2.00 per annum, *if paid strictly in advance*; $2.50 if paid within six months; $3.00 if not paid within six months. *All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.* No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

All ADVERTISEMENTS for a less term than three months TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. Special notices one-half additional. All resolutions of Associations; communications of limited or individual interest, and notices of marriages and deaths exceeding five lines, *ten cents* per line. Editorial notices fifteen cents per line.

All legal Notices of every kind, and Orphans' Court and Judicial Sales, are required by law to be published in both papers published in this place.

☞ All advertising due after first insertion.

A liberal discount is made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year, as follows:

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*One square	$ 4 50	$ 6 00	$10 00
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JOB PRINTING, of every kind, done with neatness and dispatch. THE GAZETTE OFFICE has just been refitted with a Power Press and new type, and everything in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.—TERMS CASH.

☞ All letters should be addressd to MEYERS & MENGEL, Publishers.

Attorneys at Law.

JOSEPH W. TATE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., will promptly attend to collections of bounty, back pay, &c., and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

Cash advanced on judgments, notes, military and other claims.

Has for sale Town lots in Tatesville, where a good Church is erected, and where a large School House shall be built. Farms, Land and Timber Leave, from one acre to 500 acres to suit purchasers.

Office nearly opposite the "Mengel Hotel" and Bank of Reed & Schell.

April 6, 1866—1y

J. MCD. SHARPE. E. F. KERR.

SHARPE & KERR, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. BEDFORD, PA., will practice in the courts of Bedford and adjoining counties Office on Juliana st., opposite the Banking House of Reed & Schell. [March 2, '66.

R. DURBORROW. JOHN LUTZ.

DURBORROW & LUTZ, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., Will attend promptly to all business intrusted to their care. Collections made on the shortest notice.

They are, also, regularly licensed Claim Agents and will give special attention to the prosecution of claims against the Government for Pensions, Back Pay, Bounty, Bounty Lands, &c.

Office on Juliana street, one door South of the "Mengel House," and nearly opposite the *Inquirer* office.

JOHN P. REED, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Respectfully tenders his services to the public.

Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

JOHN PALMER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Particular attention paid to the collection of Military claims. Office on Juliana Street, nearly opposite the Mengel House.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

ESPY M. ALSIP, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties. Military claims, back pay, bounty, &c., speedily collected.

Office with Mann & Spang, on Juliana street, two doors South of the Mengel House.

Jan. 22, 1864,

J. M. KIMMELL. J. W. LINGENFELTER.

KIMMELL & LINGENFELTER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., Have formed a partnership in the practice of he Law. Office on Juliana street, two doors South of the "Mengel House,"

G. H. SPANG, ATTORNEY AT LAW BEDFORD, PA. Will promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Mrs. Tate.

May 13, 1864.

B. F. MEYERS. J. W. DICKERSON.

MEYERS & DICKERSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Bedford, Pa., office same as formerly occupied by Hon. W. P. Schell, two doors east of the GAZETTE office, will practice in the several courts of Bedford county. Pensions, bounty and back pay obtained and the purchase and sale of real estate attended to. [may11,'66.

JOHN H. FILLER, *Attorney at Law*, Bedford, Pa. Office nearly opposite the Post Office. [apr.20,'66.—1y.

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. GEO. B. KELLEY, having permanently located in ST. CLAIRSVILLE, tenders his professional services to the citizens of that place and vicinity. nov2'66y1

W. W. JAMISON, M. D., BLOODY RUN, Pa., tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. Office one door west of Richard Langdon's store.

Nov. 24, '65—1y

DR. J. L. MARBOURG, Having permanently located, respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office on Juliana street, east side, nearly opposite the Banking House of Reed & Schell.

Bedford, February 12, 1864.

C. N. HICKOK, J. G. MINNICH, JR.,

DENTISTS, BEDFORD, PA.

Office in the Bank Building, Juliana St.

All operations pertaining to Surgical or Mechanical Dentistry carefully performed, and warranted. Tooth Powders and mouth Washes, excellent articles, always on hand.

TERMS—CASH.

Bedford, January 6, 1865.

TRIUMPH IN DENTISTRY!

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,

by the use of Nitrous Oxide, and is attended with no danger whatever.

TEETH INSERTED

upon a new style of base, which is a combination of Gold and Vulcanite; also, upon Vulcanite, Gold, Platina and Silver.

TEMPORARY SETS inserted if called for.

Special attention will be made to diseased gums and a cure warranted or no charge made.

TEETH FILLED to last for life, and all work in the dental line done to the entire satisfaction of all or the money refunded. Prices to correspond with the times.

☞ I have located permanently in Bedford, and shall visit Schellsburg the 1st Monday of each month, remaining one week; Bloody Run the 3rd Monday, remaining one week; the balance of my time I can be found at my office, 3 doors South of the Court House, Bedford, Pa.

nov.16,'66. WM. W. VAN ORMER, Dentist.

DR. H. VIRGIL PORTER, (late of New York City,) DENTIST,

Would respectfully inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that he has located permanently in Bloody Run, where he may be found at all times prepared to insert full or partial sets of his BEAUTIFUL ARTIFICIAL TEETH on new and improved principles.

Teeth filled in a superior manner.

Teeth extracted without pain.

All operations warranted. feb15tf.

DANIEL BORDER, PITT STREET, TWO DOORS WEST OF THE BEDFORD HOTEL, BEDFORD, PA.

WATCHMAKER AND DEALER IN JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &C.

He keeps on hand a stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Spectacles of Brilliant Double Reined Glasses, also Scotch Pebble Glasses. Gold Watch Chains, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, best quality of Gold Pens. He will supply to order any thing in his line not on hand.

Oct. 20, 1865-

PRINTERS' INK has made many a business man rich We ask you to try it in the columns of THE GAZETTE

Dry-Goods, Groceries, &c.

* * * * * * *

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NEW GOODS! FALL & WINTER!

The undersigned have now opened a large and general assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

to which they respectfully invite the attention of buyers, confident they can offer

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

BARGAINS!

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

In every department.

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK. ☜

You can be SUITED at the LOWEST PRICES.

TERMS:

☞ CASH or PRODUCE. When credit is ☜ given, in ALL cases after SIX ☜ MONTHS, interest will be ☜ charged in the ☜ account. ☜

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

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oct26

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS

A large and complete stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, just received and opened at J. M. SHOEMAKER'S, No. 1 Anderson's Row—bought just at the right time.

The following comprise a few of our goods:

DRY GOODS:

Calicoes, Delaines, Coburg Cloths, French Merinoes, Alpacas, Flannels, Ginghams, all wool Delaines, all colors, large stock of bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Jeans, Tweeds, &c., &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES:

A large assortment of Men's and Boys' Boots and Shoes Ladies' Misses' and Children's Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, all prices, and sizes to suit everybody.

CLOTHING:

A very large stock of Men's and Boys' Coats, Pants and Vests, all sizes, and prices to suit the times.

HATS AND CAPS:

A complete assortment of all kinds, sizes and prices.

GROCERIES, SPICES, &c.:

Coffee, Sugar, Lovering and other Syrups, Molasses, Tea, Rice, Tobacco, Spices, &c.

LEATHER:

A prime article Sole Leather, Calf Skins, Kip and Upper Leather and Linings.

COTTON CHAINS,

Single and Double, all numbers, cheap.

CEDAR AND WILLOW WARE,

Tubs, Buckets, Brooms, Baskets, &c.

Call and see our stock of Goods and be convinced that No. 1 Anderson's Row, is the place to get bargains. J. M. SHOEMAKER.

sep.28,'66.

NEW STORE!! NEW GOODS!!

—AT—

MILL-TOWN,

two miles West of Bedford, where the subscriber has opened out a splendid assortment of

Dry-Goods,

Groceries,

Notions,

&c., &c.

All which will be sold at the most reasonable prices.

Dress Goods, best quality. Everybody buys 'em.
Muslins, " " Everybody buys 'em.
Groceries, all kinds, Everybody buys 'em.
Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Cedarware, &c. and a general variety of everything usually kept in a country store.

Everybody buys 'em.

☞ Call and examine our goods.

dec7,'66. G. YEAGER

1867.— J. B. F. —1867.

AT IT AGAIN!

AND

A rare CHANCE for BARGAINS!

JAMES B. FARQUHAR

Is pleased to state to his friends and former customers, that he has

RESUMED BUSINESS IN BEDFORD,

at the well known P. A. Reed stand, opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he is prepared to sell everything in his line,

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST!

He has a full line of

Dry-Goods,

Ready-Made Clothing,

Boots and Shoes,

which have been purchased at very low prices, and will be sold at a very small advance.

☞ Call and examine our stock.

jan,18,'67.

Bankers.

JACOB REED, J. J. SCHELL,

REED AND SCHELL, *Bankers and* DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, BEDFORD, PA.,

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

RUPP & SHANNON, BANKERS, BEDFORD, PA.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

COLLECTIONS made for the East, West, North and South, and the general business of Exchange transacted. Notes and Accounts Collected and Remittanees promptly made. REAL ESTATE bought and sold. feb8

RICHARD LEO,

Manufacturer of

CABINET-WARE, CHAIRS, &C., BEDFORD, PA.,

The undersigned being engaged in the Cabinet making business, will make to order and keep hand everything in his line of manufacture.

BUREAUS, DRESSING STANDS, PARLOR AND EXTENSION TABLES, CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, WASHSTANDS, &C., &C.,

will be furhished at all prices, and to suit every taste. COFFINS will also be made to order.

☞ Prompt attention paid to all orders for work.

☞ Shop on West Pitt Street, nearly opposite the residence of George Shuck.

July 10, 1863.—tf RICHARD LEO.

The Bedford Gazette.

A MODEL LETTER.

To please the ladies we publish a few extracts from a letter of Patrick Henry, the statesman and christian, to his only daughter. We know that our lady readers will be edified by the perusal:

MY DEAR DAUGHTER:—You have just entered into that state which is replete with happiness or misery. The issue depends upon the prudent, amiable, uniform conduct, which wisdom and virtue so strongly recommend, on the one hand, or on that importatice which a want of reflection or passion may prompt on the other.

You are allied to a man of honor, of talents, and of open, generous disposition. You have, therefore, in your power, all the essential ingredients of domestic happiness; it cannot be marred, if you now reflect upon that system of conduct which you ought invariably to pursue; if you now see clearly the path from which you will resolve never to deviate. Our conduct is often the result of whim or caprice, often such as will give us many a pang, unless we see beforehand what is always most praiseworthy and the most essential to happiness.

The first maxim you should follow is never to attempt to control your husband by opposition, by displeasure, or any other mark of anger. A man of sense, of prudence, of warm feelings cannot, and will not, bear an opposition of any kind, which is attended with an angry look or expression. The current of his affection is suddenly stopped; his attachment is weakened; he begins to feel a mortification the most pungent; he is belittled even in his own eyes, and be assured, the wife who once excites those sentiments in the breast of the husband, will never regain the high ground which she might and ought to have retained. When he marries her, if he is a good man, he expects to find in her one who is not to control him—not to take from him the freedom of acting as his own judgment shall direct, but one who will place such confidence in him as to believe that his prudence is his best guide. Little things, what are in reality mere trifles in themselves, often produce bickerings and even quarrels. Never permit them to be a subject of dispute, yield them with pleasure, and with a smile of affection. Be assured that one difference outweighs them all a thousand or ten thousand times. A difference with your husband ought to be considered as the greatest calamity—as one that is to be studiously guarded against; it is a demon which must never be permitted to enter a habitation where all should be peace, unimpaired confidence, and heartfelt affection. Besides, what can a woman gain by opposition or indifference? Nothing. But she loses everything; she loses her husband's respect for her virtues; she loses his love, and, with that, all prospect of future happiness. She creates her own misery, and then utters idle and silly complaints, but utters them in vain. The love of a husband can be retained only by the high opinion which he entertains of his wife's goodness of heart, of her amiable disposition, of the sweetness of her temper, of her prudence, of her devotion to him. Let nothing, upon any occasion, ever lessen that opinion On the contrary, it should augment every day; he should have much more reason to admire her for those excellent qualities which will cast a lustre over a virtuous woman when her personal attractions are no more.

Has your husband staid out longer than you expected? When he returns receive him as the partner of your heart. Has he disappointed you in something you expected, whether of ornament or of furniture, or of any conveniency? Never evince discontent; receive his apology with cheerfulness. Does he, when you are housekeeper, invite company without informing you of it, or bring home with him a friend? Whatever may be your repast, however scanty it may be, or how impracticable it may be to add to it, receive them with a pleasing countenance, adorn your table with cheerfulness, give to your husband and to your company a hearty welcome; it will evince love for your husband, good sense in yourself, and that politeness of manners which acts as the most powerful charm! It will give to the plainest fare a zest superior to all that luxury can boast. Never be discontented on any occasion of this nature. * * * *

In the next place, as your husband's success in his profession will depend upon his popularity, and as the manners of a wife have no little influence in extending or lessening the respect and esteem of others for her husbaud, you should take care to be affable and polite to the poorest as well as the richest. A reserved haughtiness is a sure indication of a weak mind and unfeeling heart.

I will only add, that matrimonial happiness does not depend upon wealth; no, it is not to be found in wealth; but in minds properly tempered and united to our respective situations. Competency is necessary; all beyond that point ideal. Do not suppose, however, that I would not advise your husband to augment his property by all honest and commendable means. I would wish to see him actively engaged in such a pursuit, because engagement, a sedulous employment, in obtaining some laudable end, is essential to happiness. In the attainment of a fortune, by honorable means, a man derives satisfaction in self-applause, as well as from the increasing estimation in which he is held by those around him.

THE OBJECT IS CONSOLIDATION.

It is useless to argue the reasonableness or unreasonableness of any of the plans of restoration proposed by the Rump Congress. It is not a question of the propriety to the constitutional amendments, of the justice of negro suffrage, or the wisdom of the quack prescriptions given by the Radical doctors. The objection to them is final and unanswerable. Congress has no power to impose conditions embracing the government of States to their representation in the Union. However unobjectionable in itself any proposition might be, it should not be admitted in the form of a condition. Congress attempts to dictate terms of representation to Virginia. It is not seen that the right in the case once admitted implies the right to shut the doors of Congress against the representatives of Missouri, Illinois or Iowa? Negro Suffrage, to cite but a single instance, is not insisted upon as a penalty to the South. The law for the punishment of treason, or rebellion or whatever you may call it, does not prescribe such a penalty, nor do the leading Radicals as Stevens and Sumner, announce this as the object of the enforcement of negro suffrage. They have obtained the consent of their party to demand the enfranchisement of the South. When Nebraska asks admisson they at once make negro suffrage a condition. If it is right in the case of South Carolina, why not in the line of consolidation, and we shall have Congress shutting out the representatives of every State at the North who cannot show that negroes voted for them.

The leaders of the Radical party are at work for something more than the temporary advantages of success upon any one of their articles of party faith. The ballot is to be given to the negroes because, as Sumner says, Radicalism "needs the votes of the blacks." But back of that is the one idea at the foundation of Radicalism—the idea of consolidation of government, centralization of power, recognition of the right of Congress to enter States, and prescribe the manner of administration of local laws, dictate their provision, and in all things have absolute power, from the exercise of the functions of a constable, to the administration of office of the President; from regulating municipal and county affairs to legislating for States and for the nation.—*Jackson Patriot.*

ADVICE TO PARENTS.

Here is an item for parents and we hope all of our readers will peruse it carefully. We don't know who wrote it, but these five short paragraphs embrace a volume of instruction to all parents (except, perhaps, those of Bedford,) who have boys old enough to do evil:

"Let your boys play in the streets at night. Old Larceny, who lives over the grocery, round the corner, was a virtuous man and citizen before he took to highway robbery and served two terms in the State prison. His boys are first-rate companions for your darlings, and will teach them something of life. If your boys grow up to burly ruffians, whose main employment are robbing and eluding officers, thank your foresight in allowing them to run in the streets nights with all manner of vile companions, and subject to all manner of evil communications.

"After father has administered a deserved whipping to Johnny for insulting an old man on the street, mother should privately take the weeping urchin into the pantry and stuff him with plum cake.

"If Thomas Arthur should begin to swear because you refuse to let him go skating with Old Larceny's boys, allow him to depart with a parental blessing, for it is dreadful to excite him to profanity, and his mother can't bear to hear Thomas Arthur swear. Thomas Arthur won't swear when he is out skating, of course not.

"When you give him a severe talking to for stealing Deacon Bluenose's pippins, be sure that he is out of hearing before you bngin to relate your youthful adventures in the watermelon line to your old crony, Uncle Tim.

"Take your pipe out of your mouth when you chastise him for smoking. A clay pipe detracts from parental dignity when administering deserved chastisement."

—A son of Isaac Matthews, of Florida, Orange county, New York, who was lost when nine years of age, returned home recently after an absence of over eleven years. He found his way into the House of Refuge, and was taken from that institution by an Eastern gentleman, who adopted and educated him. He found his father through the agency of an advertisement.

A COLORED woman has just died in Richmond, leaving 35 children to mourn her death. She was only once married. They are to be handed over to the tender mercies of the Freedmen's Bureau. White orphans must take back seats.

—A new Atlantic Telegraph Company, to lay a cable by way of the Azores to Halifax, is now forming in England.

AN ELOQUENT OPENING.

Senator Doolittle, of Wisconsin, recently made a powerful speech in the U. S. Senate against the radical measures for the destruction of the Union, opening with the following strong eloquent language, but no more strong and eloquent than truthful. Mr. Doolittle arose and said:

I rise to plead for what I think the life of the Republic, and for that spirit which gives it life. I stand here also to answer for myself, because on a former occasion I foresaw what I believed would follow as a necessary and logical consequence of the adoption of certain fundamental heresies originated in the State of Massachusetts, and of which the Senator of Massachusetts, on my right (Mr. Sumner), is the great advocate and champion. I have been for more than eighteen months denounced in my State by many of my former political associates and friends for foreseeing these results which have now come; which are now pending before this Senate in the bills which have come from the House of Representatives; for denouncing them in advance, for asserting to the people of Wisconsin over and over again that yielding to these fatal heresies would of necessity dissolve the Union, and establish a concentrated military despotism.

I have, sir, I expect, been more severely denounced throughout the State of Wisconsin than elsewhere. That denunciation has been carried to such an extent as to culmniate at last in resolutions of the Radical Legislature of Wisconsin, instructing me to resign my seat in this body. I say, therefore, Mr. President, as I stand here to-day, I stand to plead for the life of the Republic, to plead for the spirit in which it lives, and without which it is dead; and, sir, I am here to answer for myself, because I have been pleading for it with all the power God has given me, for the last two years, in my State, and in this Senate and elsewhere. And if, sir, I shall in this discussion give utterance to deep and earnest convictions in strong and earnest language, Senators will understand it is with no disrespect to them. It is because my soul is filled with sentiments which language can hardly utter. Never before in my life, though I have stood in many a scene, and have often risen here, but never have I felt the weight of that responsibility resting upon me which is upon me now.

Never before in my life was there a time when my heart would go up and ask Almighty God to give the power to give utterance to the truth as it goes up now; no such measures were ever before presented in an American Congress. What are they? Call them by what name you will, they are in substance a declaration of war against ten States of this Union. They are nothing more—they are nothing less. We know, sir, that the rebellion has been suppressed, we know that every armed soldier from the Potomac to the Rio Grade has surrendered his arms, and pledged anew his allegiance to the Constitution, the Union, and the flag; we know there is not one armed soldier against this Republic throughout the whole of our vast domain. We know, sir, that in those ten States civil governments in form have been re-established by the voice of their people, and that with all the machinery of their civil government they are in full operation. We know, sir, that peace has been declared by the authorities of this republic, pursuant to acts of Congress conferring that authority. In all the States of this Union peace has come. But, sir, what do these bills propose? They propose open, direct war on every form of civil government within those States. They propose to supersede and annul them all; to take from all the people of those States all voice in the power which is to govern them. The bayonet, and the bayonet alone, in the hands of the soldier, is to be law to those States; all resistance is to be overcome, the States are to be taken possession of, and all civil institutions are to be subsidized to the bayonet. That is war.

Mr. Doolittle then entered upon a criticism of the details of the bill, and afterwards referred at considerable length to the resolution instructing him to resign, denying the right of the Legislature of Wisconsin to issue such instructions, and reviewing the votes and speeches in the Senate, and the acts of his public life which caused those resolutions to be passed, by what he termed the Radicals of the Wisconsin Legislature. He then contended that he had not abandoned the principles of the Baltimore platform of 1864, that he was still in favor of it, and of the policy of reconstruction, commenced by Mr. Lincoln.

Reviewing the Louisiana bill, he said its title should be amended so as to read, "Not to restore civil government, but to organize hell in the State of Louisiana."

A PAIR of shoes twenty-two and a half inches in length and seven inches in width across the ball of the foot are on exhibition at Richmond. They were made for a negro man in Hanover county, Virginia.

A MAN in Jackson, Miss., gave his intended money to buy her bridal outfit, and on the following morning she married his brother.

AN ARCTIC ADVENTURE.

Encounter with an Iceberg.

Dr. Hays, in his new work, "The open Polar Sea," Thus relates a dangerous encounter with an iceberg:

"Giving too little heed to the currents, we were eagerly watching the indication of the wind which appeared at the South, and hoping for a breeze, when it was discovered that the tide had changed and was stealthily setting us upon a nest of bergs which lay to leeward. One of them was of that description known among the crew by the significant title of "touch me not," and presented that jagged, honey-combed appearance indicative of great age. They are unpleasant neighbors. The least disturbance of their equilibrium may cause the whole mass to crumble to pieces, and woe be unto the unlucky vessel that is caught in the dissolution.

"In such a trap it seemed, however, that we stood a fair chance of being ensnared. The current was carrying us along at an uncomfortably rapid rate. A boat was lowered as quickly as possible, to run out a line to a berg that lay grounded about a hundred yards from us. While this was being done, we grazed the side of a berg which rose a hundred feet above our topmasts, then slipped past another of smaller dimension. By pushing against them with our ice-poles we changed somewhat the course of the schooner; but when we thought that we were steering clear of the mass which we so much dreaded, an eddy changed the direction of our drift, and carried us almost broadside upon it.

"The schooner struck on the starboard quarter, and the shock, slight though it was, disengaged some fragments of ice that were large enough to have crushed the vessel had they struck her, and also many little lumps which rattled about us; but fortunately no person was hit. The quarter deck was quickly cleared, and all hands crowding forward anxiously watched the boat. The berg now began to revolve, and was setting slowly over us; the little lumps fell thicker and faster upon the afterdeck, and the forecastle was the only place where there was the least chance of safety.

"At length the berg itself saved us from destruction. An immense mass broke off from that part which was beneath the surface of the sea, and this, a dozen times larger than the schooner, came rushing up within a few yards of us, sending a vast volume of foam and water flying from its sides. This rupture arrested the revolution and the berg began to settle in the opposite direction. And now came another danger. A long tongue was protruding immediately underneath the schooner, already the keel was slipping and grinding upon it, and it seemed probable that we should be knocked up in the air like a football, or at least capsized. The side of our enemy soon leaned from us, and we were in no danger from the worse than hailstone showers which had driven us forward; so we sprang to the ice poles and exerted our strength in endeavoring to push the vessel off. There were no idle hands. Danger respects not the dignity of the quarter deck.

"After we had fatigued ourselves at this hard labor without any useful result the berg came again to our relief. A loud report first startled us; another and another followed in quick succession, until the noise grew deafening and the whole air seemed a reservoir of frightful sound. The opposite side of the berg had split off, piece after piece, tumbling a vast volume of ice into the sea, and sending the berg revolving back upon us. This time the movement was quicker; fragments began again to fall, and, already sufficiently startled by the alarming dissolution which had taken place, we were in momentary expectation of seeing the whole side nearest to us break loose and crash bodily upon the schooner, in which event she would inevitably be carried down beneath it, as hopelessly doomed as a shepherd's hut beneath an Alpine avalanche.

"By this time Dodge, who had charge of the boat, had succeeded in planting an ice-anchor, and attaching his rope, and greeted us with the welcome signal, "Haul in." We pulled for our lives, long and steadily. Seconds seemed minutes and minutes hours. At length we began to move off. Slowly and steadily sank the berg behind us, carrying away the main boom and grazing hard against the quarter. But we were safe. Twenty yards away and the disruption occurred which we had all so much dreaded. The side nearest to us now split off and came plunging wildly down into the sea, sending over us a shower of spray, raising a swell which set us a rocking to and fro as if in a gale of wind, and left us grinding in the debris of the crumbling ruin.

"At last we succeeded in extricating ourselves, and were far enough away to look back calmly upon the object of our terror. It was still rocking and rolling like a thing of life. At each revolution fresh masses were disengaged; and, as its sides came up in long sweeps, great cascades tumbled and leaped from them hissing into the foaming sea. After several hours it settled down into quietude, a mere fragment of its former greatness, while the pieces that were broken from it floated quietly away with the tide."

AN Indianian who lost four wives—two by death, one by elopement and one by divorce—has just married again.

MILITARY DESPOTISM IN TEN STATES OF THE UNION.

The following is the recent bill passed by Congress to establish military despotism in ten States of the Union:

Whereas, No legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas;

And, whereas, It is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States, and loyal and republican State governments be legally established; therefore,

Be it enacted, &c., That said Rebel States shall be divided into military districts, and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed; and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district, and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

Section 2. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army not below the rank of brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

Section 3. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid, to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished, all disturbers of the public peace and criminals; and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders; or when, in his judgment, it may be necessary for the rial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

Section 4. *And be it further enacted*, That no persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act, shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district; and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be effected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions; *Provided* that no sentence of death under the provisions of this act shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President of the United States.

Section 5. *And be it further enacted*, That when the people of any one of the said Rebel States shall have formed a constitutional government, in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty-one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been residents in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in Rebellion or for felony at common law, and when such Constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for election of delegates, and when such Constitution shall be adopted by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification who are qualified as electors for delegates, and when such Constitution shall have been adopted by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification who are qualified as electors for delegates, and when such Constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same, and when said State, by a vote of its Legislature, elected under said Constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the Constitution of the United States proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article 14, and when said article shall have become a part of the Constitution of the United States, shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall not be in operation in said State; *Provided*, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by the said proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of a convention to frame a constitution for any of said Rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for a member of said convention.

Section 6. *And be it further enacted*, That until the people of said Rebe States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional government, all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none other, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act, and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional government who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said Constitutional Amendment.

GEN. MCCLELLAN is still at Villeneue, on Lake Geneva, and well.

THE French soldiers are to be instructed in fencing.

The Bedford Gazette.

Friday Morning.....March 8, 1867.

AGENTS TO OBTAIN SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE GAZETTE.

Circulate your County Paper.

The following named gentlemen have been appointed our Agents to obtain subscriptions to the GAZETTE. They are authorized to receipt for us:

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W. Providence—Geo. Baughman, Homer Neice.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Feb. 28.

DEAR GAZETTE:—A sojourn of four days in the Capital of "the nation" (I say "nation," for as to the Republic—*Ilium fuit!*) has convinced me that political quiet prevails here to a much greater extent than even in any part of sedate old Pennsylvania. As the heart itself is only a piece of dull flesh, so the seat of government is comparatively lifeless as regards political agitation; but, as the heart sends the blood throbbing through all the veins, so the legislation of the capital gives motion and excitation to all the currents of politics running and rushing throughout the country. Sumner may growl his most threatening gutterals, Boutwell may rage in the most approved Massachusetts style, States may be abolished, the President impeached, Liberty itself subverted; no one here is disturbed in his equanimity by any thing of the sort. Such things are regarded here as matters of course. In the way of revolution there can be "nothing new under the sun" to the people of this city. But the doses which fail to stimulate Washingtonians, excite to fever the people of the country. It is well that this is true. It is well that men are not all so callous as to be unimpressed by the subversion of the government and the loss of liberty. In the country there is much speculation in regard to the proposed impeachment of the President. Here it is scarcely mentioned. Shrewd men, when interrogated upon the subject, say the President will be removed, yet such men do not seem to think it proper to sound the alarm to the country. A strange spell seems to be fastened upon those who should exert every nerve to save the government. But the true-hearted yeomanry of the North will not brook the deviltry which robs them as well of liberty as of livelihood, and their voice will one day break the enchantment which is upon those who should be sentinels on the watch-towers of Freedom.

An election for municipal officers was held in the city of Georgetown, on Monday last. It was the first experiment under the rule of "universal suffrage" established for this district by Congress. The election passed off in an orderly manner, as how could it do otherwise, when no challenges of voters were permitted, an armed force of one hundred and forty men being on hand to prevent any such challenges and—"to quell disturbances." By this means, some hundreds of negroes from Freedmen's Village, in Virginia, were "voted" for the Radical candidate, and the white men of Georgetown were beaten by ninety-six majority in a vote of two thousand. The city councils, however, are conservative and the Radical mayor will be powerless for mischief. Georgetown and Washington are filled with negroes who came to these cities during the war, nine-tenths of whom can neither read nor write, and many of whom have no other than their old plantation names of "Sam," and "Bill" and "Joe," and are, therefore, compelled to manufacture names for themselves when they come to be enrolled upon the poll-books. This element is strong enough to out-vote the conservatives, and the two cities of the District of Columbia are now, to all intents and purposes, politically speaking, in the hands of emancipated negro slaves. This state of affairs, of course, cannot last long. History solves the problem as to the fate of the black man when thrown into collision with the Caucasian. Let those who pin their politics to the skirts of emancipated negro slaves learn the lesson of history.

On Wednesday night last, there was quite a lively scene in the Senate. A debate arose upon the question of the payment of Assistant Assessors of Internal Revenue in the excluded States, when Senators Sumner and Chandler poured out a torrent of abuse upon Mr. McCulloch, the Secretary of the Treasury. Mr. Chandler declared that the Secretary was "a pauper" and totally unfit for the position which he occupied. Senators Hendricks, Sherman, Buckalew and Fessenden defended the Secretary against the onslaught of Sumner and Chandler, and the latter came out of the "scrimmage" considerably the worse for the wear. Senator Fessenden (Radical as he is) declared that he had not words to characterize the outrageousness of the language used by Chandler, and said that it was false from beginning to end.

The veto of the Military Reconstruction Bill has not yet been sent into Congress, but is hourly expected. It is just now rumored that the President has signed it, which I doubt. It is a measure which would create revolution in any country but this, and I fear will finally result in war even among the phlegmatic people of the United (?) States. It is unnecessary that I should refer to the details of this iniquitous bill; suffice it to say that it annihilates the State Governments of the South and makes that section the Poland of the Union. In view of the fact, however, that if the Southern communities (how can we any longer call them *States?*) are not represented in Congress by the next Presidential election, they will have no voice in that election, it is a question whether the Southern people will not conform to the requirements of this bill, and demand representation under it. They will be compelled to adopt the constitutional amendment and negro suffrage, but they hope to be able to control their emancipated slaves and thus slay Radicalism with its own sword. I would not be surprised to learn that a movement will soon be made, by prominent Southern men, looking to the end which I have just indicated.

The tariff bill is at present under consideration in the House. There is great fear that it will fail for want of time. The diversity of interests which ask to be "protected," causes considerable clashing among those who want a tariff, and the iron men and wool men and flax men are all at loggerheads. New England having succeeded in getting her manufactures protected, now protests against a like protection of Pennsylvania coal. The House committee has reduced the duty on that article from $1.25 to 50 cents per ton, but an effort is now being made to increase the duty when the matter shall come before the House. Our coal-operators can judge from this of the fairness and magnanimity of Radical New England.

The hotels are swarming with politicians of every hue, whose business here is to reconstruct the vacant revenue offices in their respective districts. Things are at sixes and sevens in this regard and there is no prophesying what will be the upshot of the struggle between the Secretary of the Treasury and the Senate. There are plenty of long faces on both sides.

I have spent some time in sight-seeing around the capital, but must forego, for want of space, the pleasure of relating my experience. In the matter of art, I cannot help referring to the statue of Lincoln, placed in the rotunda of the Capitol. It is a short and thick-set representation of a tall and spare man—in short it resembles Lincoln, in form, about as much as it does the Kentucky giant. In the dome of the Capitol there is a grand painting which a grave and reverend Senator declares is a picture of the Father of his Country surrounded by the girls of the Canterbury. On the top of the dome is a brownish looking woman, with the appearance (from the front of the Capitol) of having her head knocked off. But I must close. B. F. M.

SPRING ELECTIONS.

It will be remembered by our Democratic friends that the Spring Elections are held on Friday, the 15th inst. Our friends should be vigilant and active. Let them turn out to a man, and elect a full conservative ticket in every township, wherever we have the vote to do it. This is of far greater importance than many suppose. Democrats sometimes stay at home and allow the Radicals to achieve triumphs where there are Democratic majorities. We trust we shall have nothing of this kind to record at the coming election.

—The mode of voting was changed by the law passed last winter. Heretofore candidates could be voted for on a separate slip of paper. Now all township officers are required to be on *one slip*, with the word "Township" at the head, the slip or ticket folded so that the word township is on the outside. All borough officers are also to be on one slip or ticket, which is to be headed "Borough" and folded in like manner. Care should be taken in this matter or votes may be lost.

GOV. SWANN, last Friday, sent a message to the Maryland Legislature, stating that he should not accept the United States Senatorship, but would retain the Governorship of Maryland. He did this at the solicitation of prominent citizens.

RADICALISM.

Radicalism and corruption go hand in hand in this country. Indeed we are of the opinion that this is natural and that it has always been so. Just as insanity and drunkenness are sometimes hereditary and constitutional, so the peculiar temperament that makes a man Radical, goes far to make him corrupt and dangerous whenever temptation offers, or when interest, ambition or resentment prompt him to other than honorable actions. This may not be true of the rank and file who are mere followers of doctrines cunningly devised by their leaders, but of the leaders themselves, who have studied and understand the nature and tendencies of their teachings, it is scarcely questionable. The history of Radicalism in all ages and in every country that has ever felt its malign influences, justifies these assertions. But aside from the illustrations of history, we have other reasons for believing them to be true. Radicalism originates in an over-weening pride of human reason, and a contempt for old and well established land-marks of all kinds, whether in morals or politics. It can originate in no other way. The "Higher Law" doctrine is essential to its very existence. Thus, in the Politics of our own country, its leaders boldly declare that there is a "Higher Law" than the Constitution, and treat that instrument and the laws of the land which embody the accumulated wisdom of ages, as of no value.

In morals and religion the same men are equally intolerant and dangerous. Here, too, old land-marks are swept away and their boasted "Human Reason" and "Higher Law" reigns supreme. Whenever a part of the Bible conflicts with their fanatical notions, they ruthlessly tear out the leaf and declare that it is no part of Revelation. Gerrit Smith, one of their champions, boldly avowed this shocking doctrine, in a speech a few days ago, and most of the Radical leaders believe the same doctrine, and carry it out, although they may be too cowardly to avow it openly. Of this sort are the public men who have been thrown to the surface by Radical triumphs at the polls since 1856. They include among their number the Free-thinkers, Scoffers, Infidels, Atheists and every shade of scepticism, from Atheism down to the milder forms which assume the garb of a Christian church, in order the more effectually to disseminate their moral poisons. Such are the men who now assume to direct the destinies of the nation—men with no guide, moral or political, except their boasted Reason and "Higher Law." What could be expected of them except that which has actually taken place. They perpetrate the lesser villainies of political life, naturally and seemingly with infinite relish. When urgent occasion seemed to require, they have shown themselves capable of doing things that blanch the cheek and curdle the blood in one's veins.

It is not, therefore, strange that the advent of the Radical party to power in this country, began an era of legislative corruption and infamy that has perhaps never had a parallell in the history of the world. That whole Legislatures should be bribed, that individual members should be bought like beef in the market, and that scoundrels of all grades should swarm like maggots in a putrid carcass, wherever Radicals are in power, is precisely what should have been expected. All this has come and it will continue until the buzzards that now fatten upon the body politic are driven from their feast and men are elected in their stead who will bring to their work an honest heart and a decent regard for the Bible and the Constitution of their country.

THE VETO MESSAGE.

The President has vetoed the Military Reconstruction Bill, and also the act "regulating the tenure of civil offices." The arguments against both bills are unanswerable. But the Radicals did not halt to even consider the facts presented by the President. Upon the receipt of the vetoes, they at once acted upon the bills and passed them into laws by the constitutional number of votes. The Military Reconstruction Bill is now the law of the land. Ten States of the Union are reduced to Territories, and military power placed above the civil authorities, in time of peace, and in the face of all constitutional prohibitions to the contrary. The only hope now is the Supreme Court. The President has exhausted his constitutional power in defence of the Union, the Constitution and the perpetuity of our form of government. The appeal now is to the supreme judicial tribunal of the land. That body, in the "military commission" and the "test oath" cases, nobly vindicated the Constitution from the assaults of the Radicals, and the people again look in that direction for assistance in preserving the life of the nation from the acts of political assassins. The end of the contest between military despotism as represented by the Radicals, and civil liberty as championed by the Democratic party, is not yet. The latter organization will use all constitutional and lawful means to protect the people from the effect of Radical legislation, and fight inch by inch every illegal and unconstitutional enactment attempted to be enforced.—*Age.*

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 2—2.10 P. M.—The President has just sent to the House his veto of the military bill, for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The following is a synopsis of the President's Veto Message on the Military Reconstruction Bill: He submits whether this measure is not in its whole character, scope and object without precedent, and without authority, and in palpable conflict with the plainest provisions of the Constitution and utterly destructive to those great principles of libert, and humanity, for which our ancestors on both sides of the Atlantic have shed so much blood and expended so much treasure.

The military rule which it establishes, is plainly to be used, not for any purpose of order, but solely as a means of coercing the people into the adoption of principles and measures to which it is known they are opposed, and upon which they have an undeniable right to exercise their own good judgment. He concludes by saying:

He says the bill would seem to have upon its face that the establishment of peace and good order is not its real object. He alludes to the conditions which must be fulfilled before the people of any Southern State can be relieved from the bondage of military domination.

At present, ten States are denied representation, and when the 40th Congress assembles on the 4th day of the present month, sixteen States will be without a vote in the House of Representatives.

The grave facts with the important question before us, should induce us to pause in a course of legislation which, looking solely to the attainment of political ends, fails to consider the rights it transgresses, the laws which it violates, or the institutions which it imperils.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The President has approved the Consular and Diplomatic bill, and the Military Academy bill. Also the bill to refund to each person drafted under the calls of February and March, 1864, who paid commutation to enter the service or furnish a substitute, the sum of $300, that being the amount of money so paid by him; it being the meaning of the amendatory act to exempt persons thus paying commutation from further draft until that quota should be filled, and not exceeding one year. The President has also approved the joint resolution extending for two years the use of certain vessels for quarantine purposes at the port of New York.

THE Senate of the United States last Saturday passed an Act for the relief of certain drafted men, which had been passed by the House of Representatives on the last day of the last session.

It provides that the Secretary of War shall refund the three hundred dollars paid as commutation by the men drafted under the amendatory enrollment act of February 24, 1864, where the same men were again drafted within one year and held to service or required to furnish substitutes. The draft under the call of December 19, 1864, having been ordered at a very early day in this district, quite a number of the men who commuted in 1864 were again drafted and entered the service or furnished substitutes, and similar cases exist in a number of the other districts of Pennsylvania, as well as in Delaware, Kentucky and some parts of the West.

The Act of February 24, 1864, provided that the payment of commutation should exempt "until that quota should be filled and not exceeding one year." The quota under the calls of February 1 and March 14, 1864, were never filled. Notwithstanding the draft under the call of Dec. 19, 1864, took place within one year from the time the men drafted under the calls of February 1 and March 14, 1864, paid commutation, the Provost Marshals were ordered by the War Department inexorably to hold the men drafted in the last draft who had so commuted. A contrary ruling, it is true, was made at a late day, but too late to avail to release those men whose cases had been theretofore adjudicated.

Strange to say, the attempt to have the money refunded to these injured men was resisted by the War Department, and it was only after repeated and persistent effort that the refunding act, doing measurable justice, was passed.

This act was passed through the earnest and tireless efforts of Capt. Geo. Eyster, late Provost Marshal,—he having several times visited Washington to effect its passage. He first appealed to the Provost Marshal General to refund the money, but he refused, the Secretary of War sustained his decision, and both those officers advised against the bill. Not daunted, Capt Eyster appeared before the Military committees of Congress and presented the justice of the case so clearly that both reported favorably. The bill was at first defeated in the Senate, but he effected a reconsideration, a modified bill proposing to pay but $100 was passed, but he again appeared before the House committee and the House refused to concur, and finally he effected the passage of the original bill. He was cordially aided by Gen. Coffroth last session and Gen. Koontz and Hon. E. McPherson also gave their earnest efforts to aid the success of the measure.—*Chambersburg Repository, Feb. 27.*

—A manufacturer in New York city is filling an order for two thousand thimbles at eighteen cents per dozen, for the manager of a popular gift enterprise. "No blanks! Every ticket entitles the holder to a present!"

—A western contemporary is willing to pay off all his overdue obligations, like the Radical State officials offer to pay the State debt, if somebody will only lend him the "Spinners."

NEWS ITEMS.

—The Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser* publishes a complete list of the disasters on the lakes and tributary rivers in 1866. It fills six columns, with an aggregate of seven hundred and thirty-four disasters, involving the loss of one hundred and eleven lives and $1,647,428 in property. The greatest number of disasters happened in June and October. The loss by sailing vessels was more than double that by steam vessels; but, though the lake business of last year was considerably in excess of that of 1865, the losses were not so great by forty-one lives and a quarter of a million of dollars, showing a more favorable season for navigation in 1866 than in 1865.

—A gang of Georgetown negroes, the night after the election which made a darkey equal to "any other man," made a raid upon the store of Patrick Donaghue, and, after nearly killing the proprietor, carried off a large amount of bacon, brooms, and other property. Four of the "citizens" are under arrest, but as ebony now rules in that city, of course they will escape. What use is freedom to a nigger unless he is allowed to steal?

—The registered voters of Georgetown, D. C., were—whites 1,350; blacks 971—total 2,321. The poll was—for Welsh, the negro candidate, 1,019; Addison, White Man's candidate, 923—total 1,942—showing a poll of 379 less than the registry lists. From these figures it would appear that 48 white men (!) voted with the niggers and 379 white men did not vote. It is stated that Welsh is preparing a "grand entertainment" for the nigs of both colors.

—The New York *Herald* recommends "government" to go to work coining ten cent pieces made of copper and nickel. Very proper, for copper and nickel are just about as much like *silver*, as the government is like that formed by Washington and Jefferson.—Gold and silver are the remembrances of the government as it was, but copper and nickel the signs of the thing as it is.—*Exchange.*

—The Williamsport (Pa.) *Bulletin* says one of the curiosities of the season is that of numerous grasshoppers appearing on the grass where the snow has melted off. Whether this phenomenon is general, or only confined to particular localities, we are not able to state. Mr. H. S. Morse, who resides on Center street, caged several and brought them to our office. They are as lively as in midsummer. Who has seen winter grasshoppers elsewhere?

—On the day when the niggers voted in Georgetown, the Rads of the Rump House squashed a bill for granting suffrage to the white, intelligent foreigners of the District of Columbia. According to the Radical view, therefore, foreigners haven't manhood enough to enjoy the privilege of voting. The "rights of man," they say, mean only the rights of negroes.

—The people of Schuylkill county are in the midst of a black band of iron ore excitement. Veins have been discovered within two or three miles of Pottsville. That kind of ore is valuable because it possesses within itself all the necessary ingredients for smelting. It is black, heavy and streaked with slate or coal.

—From Vera Cruz it is reported that the Liberals in the interior of Mexico have intercepted all communication with the coast. Everything is said to be in the greatest confusion. The French transports have reached Vera Cruz. Foreigners are leaving the country as fast as possible, and the belief is expressed that Maximilian will also take his departure soon—perhaps within ten days.

—A committee at Guelph, C. W., awarded a prize for a crop of 64,000 pounds of turnips from an acre of land. The second prize was given for a crop of 60,330 pounds. The lightest of five other crops was 52,320 pounds. The committee recommended planting turnips in drills 28 inches apart, and 9 to 12 inches apart in the rows.

—The Cincinnati Price Current of the 13th, states the number of hogs packed to date this season from points heard from to be 1,976,979; estimate for the season 2,225,203; total packed last year, 1,454,998; estimated increase so far 770,205.

—The Senate, in pursuance of the new law, elected John D. Defrees, Esq., Superintendent of Public Printing, in place of Cornelius Wendell, Esq., who was appointed by the President under the old law last summer, which was changed a few days ago for the purpose of reinstating Mr. Defrees.

—Greenwood Cemetery has been open to the public as a place of burial for the dead less than twenty-seven years, and the interments had reached, last Saturday night, the immense number of one hundred and twenty-four thousand one hundred and twenty-eight.

—A movement is said to be on foot to lay pipes from Titusville, Pa., to New York, for the purpose of transporting oil, in competition with the railroads. The estimated capital is $5,000,000.

—The Indians of New Mexico are on the war path. Gov. Arny reports a number of murders committed by them, and large quantities of stock driven off. All the settlers and miners on Membres River have gone into Messilla for protection.

—The Legislature of Virginia, whose session expires on Monday next, is to be called together again in extra session for the purpose of taking into consideration the Congressional plan of reconstruction.

—Frederick Douglass was on Friday last admitted within the bar of the House of the Michigan legislature, introduced by the Speaker, and received with applaus

—The Legislature of Tennessee has adopted resolutions calling on the Federal Government for additional military on the alleged plea that it is necessary for the purpose of maintaining peace and order in several of the counties of the State.

—A family in Hartford, Connecticut, consisting of a gentleman, his wife and several children, were all poisoned a day or two since by taking what was supposed to be dandelion bitters, which contained belladona. The mistake occurred through the carelessness of the druggist's clerk. None of the cases proved fatal.

—The Rads of the Wisconsin Legislature and those of the bogus Tennessee Legislature have passed a bill to pay themselves in gold. Those "loyal" fellows don't seem to fancy greenbacks on a par basis.

—Five dead bodies, shipped to Ann Arbor, Mich., were discovered in flour barrels at Buffalo, yesterday. Four of the bodies were adult and the fifth an infant. They were probably designed for dissection.

—In Chicago, in order to economize in the cost of transporting lumber to purchasers in other places, they are now building and selling ready built houses, cottages, villages, stores, churches etc.

—Three hundred and fifty millions of Hindoos worship cows. Half of Wall street worship bulls.

—A great conflagration at Yeddo, in Japan, has destroyed four miles of houses, in the commercial quarter.

—The Indians in Arizona and New Mexico are very hostile, and commit numerous outrages on the white settlers.

—A young lady in Norfolk walked into a store and cowhided a clerk who had been saying naughty things about her.

—The failure of the Equitable Life and Marine Insurance Company, of Boston, is announced.

—A German woman in Cincinnati who died last week and left behind her $7,500 in gold, had been a subject of charity.

—A Westerly (R. I.) gift enterprise firm has disappeared, with about $100,000 forwarded by deluded people who hoped to get suddenly rich.

—The annual budget of expenditures of New York city shows this year a total of $19,393,941.

REVIEW OF THE MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, March 5.

FLOUR.—The market is very dull.

Northwest superfine,	$7.00@7.75
Northwest extra,	8.50@9.50
Northwest extra family,	10.50@12.50
Penna. and West'n superfine,	8.00@8.75
Penna. and West'n extra,	9.00@10.50
Penna. and West'n family,	12.00@13.50
Penna. and West'n fancy,	14.00@16.50
Rye flour,	7.00@7.25

GRAIN.—We quote—

Pennsylvania red, per bus.,	$2.60@3.00
Southern "	3.00@3.15
White, "	3.25@3.30
Rye, "	1.30@1.31
Corn, for yel., (new) "	.$0.97@0.98
Oats, "	58@59c

POVISIONS.—We quote—

Mess Pork, per bbl.,	$21.50@22.00
Bacon Hams, per lb.,	15@18c
Salt Shoulders, "	9@9¼c
Prime Lard, "	13c

SEEDS.—We quote

Cloverseed, per bus., at	$8.00@8.50
Timothy, "	3.50@3.65
Flaxseed, "	3.25@3.25

WHISKEY.—The trade is supplied with the contraband article, at $1@1.50

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT OF BUCHU is a certain cure for

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from whatever cause originating and no matter of

HOW LONG STANDING.

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104 South 10th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

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A YOUNG LADY returning to her country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the city, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of twenty three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the CIRCASSIAN BALM, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any Lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Gentleman can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be, clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price $1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of order by

W. L. CLARK & co., chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette st., Syracuse, N. Y.

The only American Agents for sale of the same.

marl,'67y1

PREPARED OIL OF PALM AND MACE for PRESERVING, RESTORING, and BEAUTIFYING the HAIR, and is the most delightful and wonderful article the world ever produced.

Ladies will find it not only a certain remedy to Restore, Darken and Beautify the Hair, but also a desirable article for the Toilet, as it is highly perfumed with a rich and delicate perfume, independent of the fragrant odor of the Oils of Palm and Mace.

THE MARVEL OF PERU,

a new and beautiful perfume, which in delicacy of scent, and the tenacity with which it clings to the handkerchief and person, is unequaled.

The above articles for sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, at $1 per bottle each. Sent by express to any address by proprietors,

T. W. WRIGHT & CO.,
oct19'66y1 100 Liberty St., New York.

SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC.—This medicine, invented by Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, is intended to dissolve the food and make it into chyle, the first process of digestion. By cleansing the stomach with Schenck's Mandrake Pills, the Tonic soon restores the appetite, and food that could not be eaten before using it will be easily digested.

Consumption cannot be cured by Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup unless the stomach and liver is made healthy and the appetite restored, hence the Tonic and Pills are required in nearly every case of consumption. A half dozen bottles of the SEAWEED TONIC, and three or four boxes of the MANDRAKE PILLS will cure any ordinary case of dyspepsia.

Dr. Schenck makes professional visits in New York, Boston, and at his principal office in Philadelphia every week. See daily papers of each place, or his pamphlet on consumption, for his days of visitation.

Please observe, when purchasing, that the two likenesses of the Doctor, one when in the last stage of consumption, and the other as he now is, in perfect health, are on the Government stamp.

Sold by all druggists and dealers; price $1 50 per bottle, or $7 50 the half dozen. All letters for advice should be addressed to Dr. Schenck's principal Office, No. 15 North Sixth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

General Wholesale Agents—Demas Barnes & Co. New York; S. S. Hance, Baltimore, Md; John D. Park, Cincinnati, Ohio; Walker & Taylor, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Bros., St. Louis, Mo.

oct19'66 1stw

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT and *UNSAFE REMEDIES* for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash.

ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS.—

LAME BACK.

New York, Nov. 23, 1859.

T. ALLCOCK & co.—Gentlemen: I lately suffered severely from a weakness in my back. Having heard your plasters much recommended for cases of this kind, I procured one, and the result was all I could desire. A single plaster cured me in a week. Yours respectfully,

J. G. BRIGGS,
Proprietor of the Brandreth House.

CURE OF CRICK IN THE BACK, AND LUMBAGO.

Lyons, N. Y., July 4, 1862.

Messrs. Allcock & co.:—Please send me a dollar's worth of your plasters. They have cured me of a crick in my back, which has troubled me for some time, and now my father is going to try them for difficulty about his heart.

L. H. SHERWOOD.

Dr. Green, No. 863 Broadway, New York, informs us he sold, on Monday, June 22d, 1862, two plasters two a young woman suffering very severely from lumbago. On Thursday she called to get two more for a friend, and then stated how the two she had purchased on Monday had relieved her immediately after putting them on, and cured her in two days of a most distressing pain in her back and loins. Sold by all Druggists. feb15ml

CHILDREN'S LIVES SAVED FOR 50 CENTS.—THOUSANDS OF CHILDREN DIE ANNUALLY OF CROUP.—Now, mothers, if you would spend 50 cents, and always have a bottle of Dr. Tobias' Venitian Liniment in the house, you never need fear losing your little one when attacked with this complaint. It is now 19 years since I have put up my Liniment, and never heard of a child dying of croup when my liniment was used; but hundreds of cases of cures have been reported to me, and many state if it was $10 per bottle they would not be without it. Besides which, it is a certain cure for cuts, burns, headache, toothache, sore throats, swellings, mumps, colic, diarrhœa, dysentery, spasms, old sores, and pains in the back and chest. No one once tries it who is ever without it. It is warranted perfectly safe to take internally. Full directions with every bottle. Sold by all druggists. Depot, 56 Cortlandt Street, New York. feb15w7

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH.—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

KNOW THY DESTINY.—MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a lifelike picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with the date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. Box 223, Hudson, N. Y. marl,'67y1

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED by Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

WONDERFUL BUT TRUE.—MADAME REMINGTON, the world-renowned Astrologist and Somnambulistic Clairvoyant, while in a clairvoyant state, delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a perfect and lifelike picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, with date of marriage, occupation, leading traits of character, &c. This is no imposition, as testimonials without number can assert By stating place of birth, age, disposition, color of eyes and hair, and enclosing fifty cents, and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture by return mail, together with desired information.

☞ Address in confidence, MADAME GERTRUDE REMINGTON, P. O. Box 297, West Troy, N. Y.

marl,'67y1

FREE TO EVERYBODY.—A large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy postpaid, by remail. Address P. O. Drawer, 21,

mar1m6 Troy, N. Y.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties.

THE HEAD OF A COMET, according to Milton, is rendered tenfold more terrible by its "HORRID HAIR,"

and there are thousands of fiery human heads which might be rendered charming by simply changing their tint to a mellow brown, or a perfectly natural black with

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

It is ridiculous to carry into society a grey, sandy or carrotty head, when five minutes would render it as attractive as Nature could have made it in her happiest mood. Manufactured by J. Christodoro, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by druggists. Applied by Hair Dressers. feb15m1

LET THERE BE LIGHT.—The undersigned has for sale township and borough rights for Dr. Vaughan's LIGHTNING LAMP, which was patented on the 6th of November last, and is pronounced the brightest and cheapest light at presence known to science. Those wanting rights, can obtain them by addressing the undersigned at Rainsburg, Bedford county, Pa.

feb22m1 C. F. HELTZEL.

The Bedford Gazette.

Local and Personal.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP R.R.—TIME TABLE.—Express Train leaves Mt. Dallas at 1.30 p. m., and arrives at Huntindon, at 4.45 p. m.; leaves Huntingdon at 7.50 a. m., and arrives at Mt Dallas, at 11.15 a. m.

Accommodation Train leaves Huntington at 4.04 p. m., and arrives at Saxton, 5.45 p. m.; leaves Saxton, at 9.43 a. m., and arrives at Huntingdon, at 11.22 a. m. jan18.

JOHN W. BOWEN Esq., is a regularly authorized agent for this paper, and will visit our friends throughout the county, for the purpose of making collections and taking subscritions. We hope that his calls will be responded to in the proper spirit. We have some $6,000 on our books, $1,000 of which we need very badly to pay a debt we owe in bank. In fact we must collect, and if mild measures will not answer our purpose, we will be compelled to resort to harsher ones. There are many persons who pay promptly. To such, thanks! There are more who do not. To such, duns, and finally *writs*. We desire to oppress no man. We are willing to be liberal to those who are in straitened circumstances. But if me do not heed our request to settle, if they treat our call for payment with contempt, they have no further claim upon our generosity. We have given away enough in our business to keep a small family five years. If we are to continue that sort of work, we want those who can pay to come forward and do it, and those who can't, to step up and settle. Of course, we don't refer to those who *do* pay. If this be not attended to *soon*, we will see whether "some things can't be done as well as others."

NEW COUNTERFEITS.—The following new Counterfeits have been put in circulation, and the public are cautioned to beware of them:

The detectives of the Treasury Department have discovered a new counterfeit on the $10 notes of the national bank currency. The notes detected purport to be the issue of the Flour City National Bank of Rochester, New York, and are said to be exceedingly well executed, and are likely to deceive.

A new and dangerous imitation of the five dollar National Bank note has recently been put afloat. The engraving is said to be finely executed, and the bill, in the main, well calculated to deceive. Still it may readily be detected. In the genuine the group of Columbus and his companions is composed of five persons; in the counterfeit there are but four—the one in the background at the extreme end, and most extreme figure in the group, is missing. In the counterfeit, also, the extended arm of Columbus is without a hand. Bills of this description on five different banks have already appeared, and others will doubtless soon follow.

DUTY OF TOWNSHIP AUDITORS.—It may not be generally known that a general law of the last session of the Legislature, approved April 11, 1866, requires the bounty accounts of every district to be carefully audited by the Township Auditors, and "prepare a condensed statement of the condition of these finances, and publish the same, at the cost of the district for three successive weeks, in two papers." It not only requires this duty to be performed by the Township Auditors, but imposes a penalty of fifty dollars upon each Auditor who refuses to comply, one-half of which fine goes to the prosecutor, and the other half to the school fund of the district. It provides, also, that the Auditors shall notify the School Directors of other parties having the disbursement of the bounty funds, to appear before them at such a time as the Auditor shall fix, for the purpose of enabling the Auditors to close up the bounty accounts of the township for the fiscal year.

"GOOD TEMPLAR *to boot*" is offered a reward for the half bushel in which he or *she* measures their neighbor's religion, temperance, &c. One important inquiry suggests itself, in the language of the poet:

"Whose boots are these?"—

and as a matter of encouragement in the language of another, equally immortal,

"Go it boots!"

but be sure the boot is on the right leg, and the next time *measuring* is to be done, be sure the good "breeding," "taste," "classics," &c., be well shaken down. ANOTHER GOOD TEMPLAR.

THE WHEELER AND WILSON SEWING MACHINE is the best in world.—One of them saves half the time in a family, and two of them saves it all. Everybody should buy it and try it. When such a machine can be had for almost nothing, any man that will continue to use the old one (his wife), doesn't deserve a wife. Any one can see this machine and have its wonderful advantages explained by calling on Mrs. H. M. Ogle, the agent for this county, at the Telegraph Office, on Pitt street.

FARMING.—There is not only profound but concentrated wisdom in the apt remark of a noted and successful English farmer—which our Bedford county tillers of the soil may well heed and profit thereby—that he fed his land before it was hungry, rested it before it was weary, and weeded it before it was foul. Seldom has so much agricultural knowledge been condensed in a single sentence.

HONORABLE DISCHARGES.—We notice in the doings of our State Legislature, that Pennypacker, one of the members thereof, has presented a bill authorizing the Recorders of Deeds in the several counties in this Commonwealth, to record the discharges of all honorably discharged soldiers. This is a good plan, and ought to pass.

WAGES OF FARM LABORERS.—The report of the Commissioner of Agriculture for January, contains the elaborate compilation of the statistics of the wages of farm labor throughout the country. It is based on the original return from every State in the Union, almost every county being represented in a portion of them. It also includes the territories. The average rate of wages for white labor without board is made $28.00 per month; $15.50 per month with board.

ADVERTISING AND GRATITUDE.—A celebrated wholesale merchant in London, England, has presented the proprietors of the *Telegraph* with a printing press which cost $25,000, as a token of appreciation. In doing so, he accompanied the gift by a letter, which said: "In your paper, by judicious advertising, I first built the foundation of a fortune—and in your paper, by judicious advertising, I have amassed the fortune which enables me to offer this testimony of regard and good will."

PAPER PANTALETS.—Among the many new devices which distinguish our day, we notice fast following in the wake of cuffs and collars—paper pantalets for ladies. A compay has been organized on a large capital, to manufacture borders to ladies' drawers and children's pantalets—an ornamental appurtenance to be buttoned to the garment, and which may be readily replaced when soiled.

DRAFTED MEN.—A bill for the relief of certain drafted men was passed in the United States Senate, on last Wednesday. It provides that the Secretary of War shall pay to men who having put substitutes into the service, were again drafted and entered the service. As passed by the House it gave $300.

BOUNTY REGULATIONS.—Under the act of July 28th, 1866, enlisted men who were discharged before expiration of term of enlistment, by reason of promotion, are expressly excluded by the rules of the Secretary of War, to whom the duty was assigned by the law itself of making regulations in regard to the additional bounty therein authorized.

AN IMPOSTER.—A man is now traveling through the Juniata Valley soliciting money on the representation that he is a minister of the Gospel. He has bogus recommendations from well known clergymen in this State, and as the rogue may come this way, the public should be on their guard for the scamp.

JUST SO.—Dull times are always the best for advertisers. Why? Because when money is tight, and people are forced to economize, they always read the advertisements to find out who sells cheapest, and where they can trade to the best advantage.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

The following Business Directory for the borough of Bedford and other places in the county, *whose advertisements appear in the columns of* THE GAZETTE,) may be of service to our friends and patrons in the county, and is commended to their attention:

ATTORNEYS AT LAW—G. H. Spang; J. P. Reed; J. W. Tate; John Palmer; E. F. Kerr; Durborrow & Lutz; Espy M. Alsip; John T. Keagy & J. H. Filler; Kimmell & Lingenfelter, Meyers & Dickerson, Bedford, Pa.

BANKERS—Reed & Schell; Rupp, Shannon & Co., Bedford, Pa.

BOOTS AN SHOES, VARIETIES, &c.—H. F. Irvine, Bedford, Pa.

CABINET-WARE, CHAIRS, &c.—Richard Leo, Bedford, Pa.

CLOTHING—I. Lippel, Berkstresser & Irvine, George Reimund, Bedford, Pa.

DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, &c.—A. B. Cramer; J. M. Shoemaker, Bedford, Pa.

DENTISTRY—C. N. Hickok & J. G. Minnich, Jr., Dr. W. W. Van Ormer, Bedford, Pa.

DRUGGIST—J. L. Lewis, Bedford, Pa.

FANCY STORES—Mrs. V. B. Tate & Miss M. Rea; Mrs. E. V. Mowry; Mrs. M. R. Schafer & Miss Kate Deal. Miss M. Fetterly, Bedford, Pa.

HARDWARE, &c.—Wm. Hartley; Geo. Blymyer & Son, Bedford, Pa.

HOTELS—Bedford Hotel, J. J. Shoemaker; Mengel House, I. Mengel; Union Hotel, V. Steckman. Bedford, Pa.

JEWELER—Daniel Border, Bedford, Pa.

JOB PRINTERS—Meyers & Mengel, Bedford, Pa.—All kinds of Plain and Fancy Job Printing neatly and promptly executed.

PUMPS—Wm. C. Snively, Schellsburg, Pa.

PHYSICIANS—Dr. J. L. Marbourg, Bedford, Pa.; Drs. W. W. Jamison and P. H. Pennsyl, Bloody Run, Pa., Dr. Geo. C. Douglas, Bedford, Pa.

REAL ESTATE SALES—
F. C. Reamer—private sale
T. H. & N. J. Lyons, Private Sale.
Jacob Walter, Private,
C. N. Hickok, private sale.
Adolphus Ake, private sale.
Meyers & Dickerson, private sale.
John P. Reed, private sale.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.—B. McC. Blymyer & Co., Bedford, Pa.

☞ Read the "New Advertisements" in this week's issue of THE GAZETTE.

☞ For Administrator's, Executor's, Auditor's notices, &c., see "Legal Notices."

☞ Read the advertisements under the head of "Notices, &c."

MARRIED.

MILLER—TIPTAN—On the 1st inst., by Rev. J. G. Grœnmiller at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. M. J. Miller, of this count , and Miss Elizabeth Tiptan, of Somerset county.

RICHARDS—ESHLEMAN—On the 20th ult., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. W. G. Ferguson, Rev. T. T. S. Richards and Mrs. Emma Eshleman, of East Providence township.

MILLER—BRIDGES—On the 22d ult., in Rainsburg, by John A. Gump, Esq., Mr. Thomas B. Miller and Miss Virginia Bridges, both of Cumberland Valley tp.

DIED.

SOUTH—In Snake Spring Valley, February 20, A. D., 1867, SARAH SOUTH, aged 7 years and 12 days. But a short time since, we were called to mourn the loss of the father and husband. Deep, indeed, is the sorrow of the fond mother and wife—husband and child are both taken from her by the hand of Death—her bereavement is such as can be realized only by those who have been called upon to endure it. Sadie was a sweet child, and was most tenderly loved by every member of the family, but her sweet voice is hushed; she contributes no more to our daily happiness by the life pictures of her laughing face, her innocent and affectionate prattle and childish play. She is gone to him who said, "Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not for of such is the kingdom of Heaven." L. D.

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!—*Scratch Scratch! Scratch!*—WHEATON'S OINTMENT will cure Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Chilblains, and all Eruptions of the Skin. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists. By sending 60 cents to Weeks & Potter, sole agents, 170 Washington street Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States.

jun8,'66.-1y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Bedford county, upon the estate of John H. Type., late of Broad Top township, deceased.

All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make immediate payment.

mar8w6 ELI EICHELBERGER, Adm'r.

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, to ascertain the indebtedness against the estate of Christian Kochendarfer, and to amend the calculation made in the proceedings for the partition of said estate amongst the heirs, so as to liquidate the said indebtedness; and to report an abatement of the recognizances entered into by the heirs taking said estate at the valuation, accordingly, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Monday, the 18th day of March, 1867, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, at his office, in Bedford, when and where all parties interested cand attend. JNO. P. REED,
mar8w1 Auditor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary to the estate of William Cornell, late of Monroe township, Bedford county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Bedford county.

All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to make known the same without delay, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment.

DANIEL CORNELL,
GIDEON WILLIAMS, Ex'rs,
mar8w6 residing in said township of Monroe.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned, executor of the estate of Solomon Sparks, late of West Providence township, dec'd, will offer at public sale, on the premises, on SATURDAY, MARCH 30th, A. D., 1867, the following described real estate, viz:

No. 1. A certain tract of land known as the home or mountain tract, situated in West Providence township, Bedford county, containing 125 acres or thereabouts, about 75 acres are cleared and under fence, with a two-story frame house, double log barn and other outbuildings thereon erected, adjoining lands of D. Sparks, Andrew Mortimore and Wilson Sparks.

No. 2. A certain tract of land, in West Providence township, containing 193 acres or thereabouts, about 60 acres of which are cleared and under fence, with a story-and-a-half frame house and double log barn thereon erected, adjoining on the West, No. 1, as above described, on the South lands of Frederick Davis and James Calhoun, on the East James O'Neal, on the North Joseph Mortimore.

The above described real estate is pleasantly situated in a good agricultural district, near a railroad market, 2 miles south of Blood Run, is well timbered, and there are two fine orchards thereon.

TERMS. Cash on confirmation of sale.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day. SILAS H. SPARKS, Ex'r
mar8w4 of Solomon Sparks, dec'd.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES of the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford county for the year ending January 1, 1867.

George Blymyer, Treasurer, Dr.

To balance in hands at last settlement,		$ 138 07
" amount received from collectors,		6788 46
" " " "	Mrs. Kepler,	450 00
" " " "	J. E. Wills,	400 00
" " " "	J. G. Hartley,	65 00
" " " "	Unseated Lands,	44 00
" " " "	George Gardill	55
" " " "	Mrs. Kinney, per S. Defibaugh,	137 00
To error in Mrs. Kepler's check,		950 00
		$8973 08

Treasurer, Cr.

By amount paid sundry checks, as follows:	
Merchandize,	$704 10
Beef,	657 47
Grain,	72 21
Potatoes,	113 34
Bacon,	125 83
Groceries,	74 60
Repairing Mill,	84 95
License for Mill,	10 00
Insurance,	54 00
Drugs,	53 74
Old checks,	2854 62
Pennsylvania State Lunatic Assylum,	81 75
Removal of paupers,	41 42
Overpaid on Duplicates,	74 41
Blacksmithing,	76 76
Out-door paupers,	398 15
Interest,	73 44
Hardware and tinware,	148 69
Coffins,	27 00
Issuing orders,	3 00
Applebutter,	156 64
Salaries,	264 20
Coal,	35 12
Error in Mrs. Kepler's check,	950 00
Sundries,	291 35
Treasurer's salary,	60 00
Stationery,	10 00
Auditors' and clerk's salary,	40 00
Balance in hands of treasurer,	1436 28
	$8973 08

We, the undersigned, Auditor's of Bedford county, do certify that we have examined the foregoing account of George Blymyer, Treasurer of the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford county, and find the same to be correct and true as above stated and that there is a balance in the hands of the said treasurer of $1436 28

Witness our hands and seals this 10th day of January, A. D., 1867.

DAVID EVANS,
JAMES MATTINGLY,
J. D. LUCAS,
Attest: Auditors.
T. R. GETTYS, Clerk.

Statement and Report of Samuel Defibaugh, Steward of the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford county, from January 1, 1866 to January 1, 1867.

DR.

1866, Jan. 1,	To balance on settlement,	$ 33 94
	To cash received from sundry persons,	133 84
		$167 78

CR.

By cash paid sundry persons,	$137 04
Balance,	30 74
	$167 78

Statement of Poor House Mill, from January 1, 1866, to January 1, 1867.

DR.

	Wheat.	Rye.	Corn.	Buckw't.	Mixt.
To amount of grain brought in as per monthly reports,	418	160½	52½	80	3

CR.

By amount of grain used in house and sundry persons for cash and on accounts,					
Use of House,	370		32	40	
Horse feed,		85			
Hog feed,		45	12		
Cattle,			12		6
Sold sundry persons,	28		8½	8	
	398	130	64½	48	6

Produce of Farm and Garden.

22 loads of hay, 8 loads of corn-fodder, 2 loads of pumpkins, 550 bushels ears of corn, 90 bushels of oats, 500 bushels of potatoes, 20 bushels of onions, 8 bushels of soup beans, 15 bushels of beets, 25 bushels of tomatoes, 25 bushels of beans, 4 barrels of cucumber pickles, 6 barrels of kraut, 3000 heads of cabbage, 520 pounds of butter, 5090 pounds of pork, 1549 pounds of beef, —— pounds of lard, 480 pounds of Mutton, 210 pounds of veal, 197 pounds of beef hides, 35 pounds of calf skins, 12 sheep skins.

Stock on Farm.

83 sheep, 7 cows, 1 bull, 2 horses, 18 shoats, 2 brood sows.

Articles Manufactured by Mrs. Defibaugh—Matron.

17 sheets, 29 comforts, 38 pillow slips, 95 dresses, 49 shimese, 28 skirts, 38 aprons, 42 pair of women's stockings, 3 sun bonneis, 6 bolsters, 8 bed-ticks, 3 pillow ticks, 61 pair of pants, 81 shirts, 8 coats, 11 vests, 6 pair of men's drawers, 5 pair of women's drawers, 52 pair of men's socks.

Average number of paupers, per month, during the year,	59½
Number remaining January 1, 1867,	57
Entertained over night,	376
Meals given to wayfaring persons,	1200
Admitted during the year,	33
Discharged " " "	19
Births " " "	3
Deaths " " "	5

There are also 19 out-door paupers who are not included in the above, who have been provided with board, medical attendance, &c.

☞ Persons desiring further information, in regard to the above reports, are referred to the Books of the Poor House, which are open for any one to examine.

We, the undersigned, Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford county, do certify, that we have examined the above account, statement and report of Samuel Defibaugh, Steward of the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford county, from the 1st day of January, 1866, till the 1st day of January, A. D., 1867, and find the same to be correct.

Witness our hands and seals, this 1st day of January, A. D., 1867.

SAMUEL BECKLEY, [L. S.]
D. R. ANDERSON, [L. S.]
MICHAEL DIEHL, [L. S.]
Attest: Directors.
T. R. GETTYS, Clerk. mar8w4

New Advertisements.

HOTEL FOR SALE.—The "Hopewell House," in the town of Hopewell, will be offered at public sale, on SATURDAY, MARCH 16th, 1867, at 1 o'clock, P. M. Terms easy, and possession given on the first day of April next. This is the only licensed house in the place, and is well adapted for the business.

mar8w2 FLUCK & EICHELBERGER.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary to the estate of Sol'n Sparks, late of W. Providence township, have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford county.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims can present them, duly authenticated for settlement.

mar8w6 SILAS H. SPARKS, Ex'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford county, upon the estate of John H. Miller, late of St. Clair township, dec'd.

All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make immediate payment.

mar8w6* MICHAEL S. MILLER, Adm'r.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary, have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford County, upon the estate of Henry Harkleroad, late of Colerain township, deceased.

All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to make known the same without delay, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment.

mar8w6 CHARLES HARKLEROAD, Ex'r.

Philadelphia Trade.

ARMBRUSTER & BROTHER,
No. 306 N. Third St., above Vine,
PHILADELPHIA,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS
Of Hoisiery, Gloves, Shirts and Drawers, Buttons, Suspenders, Hoop Skirts, Handkerchiefs, Threads, Sewing Silks, Port Monnaies Soaps, Perfumery, Trimmings, Fancy Goods and Notions generally.
ALSO,
Manufacturers of Brushes and Looking Glasses, and Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Ropes, Twines, &c.
febl,'67y1

DR. TAYLOR,
Wholesale TOBACCO Dealer,
No. 336 Market Street,
One Door below 4th.
PHILADELPHIA.
feb.1,'67y1

WARTMAN & ENGELMAN,
TOBACCO SNUFF AND SEGAR
MANUFACTORY,
No. 313 NORTH THIRD STREET,
Second Door below Wood,
PHILDELPHIA.
J. W. WARTMAN. H. P. ENGELMAN.
febl,'67y1

BUNTING BROS.,
DRY-GOODS,
428 Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
febl,'67y1

LADIES VISITING PHILADELPHIA should call and get some of PERRY'S FINE NOTE PAPERS, stamped handsomely, in colors, without extra charge. W. G. PERRY,
feb1m3 728 Arch st.

BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY, supplied at low wholesale prices, by W. G. PERRY,
feb1m3 728 Arch St.

Legal Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned, on the estate of Samuel Snyder, late of Middle Woodberry township, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims can present them duly authenticated for settlement.

mar1w6 ISAAC L. SNYDER, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Peter Wagner late of M. Woodberry township, Bedford county, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment, and those having claims thereon will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

mar1w6 DANIEL BARLEY, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administratton have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of William Stahl, late of Bedford Borough, dec'd.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims thereon will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

PETER H. SHIRES, Adm'r.
mar1w6 SAM'L. STAHL, Amr's.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Henry Keyser, late deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment, and those having claims thereon, will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

feb22w6 WILLIAM KEYSER, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned, on the estate of Henry Whetstone, late of Monroe township, dec'd.

All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

feb15w6 LEWIS HOWSARE, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Helen Hinton, late of Union township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Bedford county, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HIRAM DAVIS, Adm'r,
feb15w6 St. Clair tp.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford county, upon the estate of Sophia McFarland, late of Monroe township, dec'd.

All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate, will make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

feb.8w6 DANIEL McFARLAND, Adm'r.

ELECTION NOTICE.—The stockholders of the Bedford and Stoystown Turnpike Road Company, are requested to meet at the house of A. J. Snively, in the borough of Schellsburg, on the first Monday of March, between the house of twelve and one o'clock, to elect five Managers for the ensuing year.

feb15w3 A. E. SCHELL, Sec'y.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is the best Advertising Medium in Southern Pennsylvania.

Fancy Stores.

MRS. E. V. MOWRY has just returned from the East with a fine stock of

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,

and has now opened a handsome variety of WINTER BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c., &c., of the very latest styles. Also, a variety of

DRESS GOODS,

French Merines, plaid wool deLaines, Alpacas, Muslin deLaines, Ginghams, Calicos, Canton Flannel, Frannells, Opera and plaid Flannels, Cloths for coats and sacks, Ladies' and Children's FURS, Sacks, Coats, Cloaks and Shawls; Breakfast Shawls Sontags, Woolen Hoods, &c.; Balmoral and Hoop SKIRTS, and Corsets; Ladies' and Gentlemen's Kid GLOVES, Ladies' buckskin Gauntlets, cloth and fleece-lined Gloves, for ladies and children; Lace and Crape VEILS, Barege and Grenadine for Veils. Pocket Handkerchiefs. Neck-Ties, Combs, Brushes, Soaps. PERFUMERY, Eureka Hair Restorative, Mrs. Hill's Hair Restorative. DRESS TRIMMINGS, WIGANS AND BUTTONS. Also, all kinds of Notions and Toys. Also, the very best made and finest Ladies' and Children's SHOES that can be bought in Philadelphia.

Mrs. MOWRY is determined to sell her Goods, and do her work as CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST. She hopes her friends and patrons will call and examine her stock, as she is satisfied that they will recommend themselves, in QUALITY and PRICE, to refined tastes and good judgment. nv2m3

MRS. V. B. TATE. MISS M. REA.

NEW FALL STYLES!—Mrs. Tate has just returned from the East with a splendid selection of

BONNETS, HATS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, RIBBONS, SILKS, VELVETS, and everything belonging to a MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.

We would call your particular attention to our FALL STOCK OF LADIES' DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS, of Mrs. Tate's own selection, such as ORNAMENTS. BUTTONS, GUIPURE AND CHERRY LACES, CORDS. TASSELS, FRINGES, VELVET RIBBONS, BELTING, and TRIMMINGS generally.

Mrs. TATE and Miss REA flatter themselves that their LATE NOVELTIES will not be surpassed by any. Giving their personal attention to all the branches of their department; the acknowledged superiority as regards their reliability and the patronage extended them, renders comment unnecessary.

Mrs. Tate procured, while in Philadelphia, a FIRST-CLASS DRESS-MAKER, who is now ready to make Dresses, Cloaks, and Children's Wear. Ladies may rely on being artistically fitted, and their work finished in the most prompt and efficient manner, at the lowest possible price. Cutting and Basting done at short notice.

☞ Girls wanting to learn Mantua-Making will apply immediately, as a fine opportunity is given them. oct19tf

NEW GOODS!—M.C. FETTERLY has just received a splendid assortment of Fancy Dry Goods, consisting in part of Fancy Dress Goods, Silks, French Merinos, Alpacca, Delaines, Flannels, Muslins, Prints, Cloaking Cloth, Cloaks, Furs, Shawls, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Hosiery, Gloves, Dress Trimmings, Fancy Buttons, Velvets, Ladies' Dress Caps, a handsome assortment of Embroideries, Mourning and Lace Goods, Ladies' and Children's Shoes, with a great variety of other notions, &c., &c. The stock consists of every article usually kept in a first class Fancy Store. Thankful for past favors, we ask a continuance of your patronage.

nov.9,'66,-y1.

Boots, Shoes and Varieties.

GREAT EXCITEMENT IN BEDFORD!

THE REGULATOR AND BEDFORD CLOTHING EMPORIUM IN ADVANCE OF ALL OTHERS.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

BOOTS, SHOES, NOTIONS!

CLOTHING, CASSIMERS, HATS of all kinds laid in at prices to suit the times.

If you want a good Coat go to the Regulator.
If you want a good p'r Boots, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Vest, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good p'r Shoes, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good p'r Pants, go to the Regulator
If you want a suit of Clothes, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Shirt, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Hat, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Gaiter or Shoe go to the Reg'r.
If you want good Cassimere, go to the Regulator.
If you want a variety of Notions, go to the Reg'r.
If you want a fashionable Coat, go to the Regulator
If you want fashionable Pants & Vests go to the Regul'r.
If you w a fashionable Suit, go to the Regulator.
If you want Queensware or Glassware, go to the Regulator.
If you want good Spices of any kind, go to the Regulator.
If you want good Flavoring Extracts, go to the Regulator.
If you want good Toilet Soap or Perfumery, go the Regula...
If you want good Hosiery, Gloves, Neck-ties collars, &c., go to the Regulator.

If you want any thing in our line, go to the Bedford Clothing Emporium and Boot, Shoe and Notion Regulator, No. 2, Anderson's Row.

Goods of all kinds ordered from the Eastern cities to accommodate customers.

H. F. IRVINE,
Sept. 7, 1866. R. W. BERKSTRESSER.

Notices, &c.

FOR SALE—VERY LOW—a second hand PIANO. Inquire of
apr.13,'66.-tf. C. N. HICKOK.

SOLDIERS' BOUNTIES.—The undersigned has the blanks now ready and will attend promptly to the collection of all claims under the law lately passed for the Equalization of Bounties.
aug.17-tf. J. W. DICKERSON.

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.—The undersigned, Commissioners of Bedford county, WILL LET, on the premises, to the lowest and best bidder, on FRIDAY, MARCH 8th, 1867, a ROOFED BRIDGE to be built across the Juniata, at the town of Hopewell, in Broad Top township. Plans and specifications will be exhibited at Hopewell on the day of letting.

MICHAEL WERTZ,
MICHAEL S. RITCHEY,
DAVID HOWSARE,
Commissioners.
Attest:
JOHN G. FISHER, Clerk.
feb22w3

50 TONS PLASTER FOR SALE AT "CRYSTAL STEAM MILLS," Bedford, Pa., at lowest market rates. "The Crystal Steam Mills" being now in full operation, we are prepared to do all kinds of "Grist work," and to furnish all kinds of good Flour and feed, at short notice. Rye, Corn, Buckwheat, &c., ground on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Grists delivered in town, with dispatch. Having spared no expense in the erection of these Mills, we are determined to try to please, and so licit a SHARE of public patronage.

JOHN G. & WM. HARTLEY.

N. B. The highest market price paid for grain of all kinds. jan18m3.

1867—BLACKWELL & Co., have now ready their revised Catalogue of 1867—Newspapers for 1867, containing all the 1867—principal Publications, for which they re-1867—ceive Subscriptions at the regular rates, and 1867—on many of them offer the advantage of 1867—subscribing for 3 months. Send for a copy 1867—containing full details of our admirable 1868—system of operation. We refer to the Pub-1867—lisher of this paper.

BLACKWELL & CO.,
Office, 82 Cedar st., New York.
jan4m3. BOX 4298 P. O.

MERCHANTS' SHOW BILLS, printed in superior style, and upon reasonable terms, at THE BEDFORD GAZETTE office.

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

J. L. LEWIS having purchased the Drug Store, lately owned by Mr. H. C. Reamer takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he has just returned from the cities with a well selected stock of

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
DYE-STUFFS,
PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES,
STATIONERY,
COAL OIL, LAMPS AND CHIMNEYS,
BEST BRANDS OF CIGARS
SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO
FRENCH CONFECTIONS, &c., &c

The stock of Drugs and Medicines consist of the purest quality, and selected with great care.

General assortment of popular Patent Medicines.

The attention of the Ladies is particularly invited to the stock of PERFUMERY, TOILET and FANCY ARTICLES, consisting of the best perfumes of the day. Colognes, Soaps, Preparations for the Hair, Complexion and Teeth; Camphor ice for chapped hands; Teeth and Hair Brushes, Port Monaies, &c.

Of Stationery, there is a fine assortment:

Billet, Note, Letter, Leaf and Mourning Paper, Envelops, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Blank Deeds, Power of Attorneys, Drafting Paper, Marriage Certificates, &c., &c. Also, a large quantity of Books, which will be sold very cheap.

Coal Oil Lamp Hinge Burner, can be lighted without removing the chimney—all patterns and prices. Glass Lanterns, very neat, for burning Coal Oil. Lamp chimneys of an improved pattern. Lamp Shades of beautiful patterns.

Howe's Family Dye Colors, the shades being light Fawn, Drab, Snuff and Dark Brown, Light and Dark Blue, Light and Dark Green, Yellow, Pink, Orange, Royal Purple, Scarlet, Maroon, Magenta, Cherry and Black

Humphrey's Homeopathic Remedies.

Cigars of best brands, smokers can rely on a good cigar.

Rose Smoking Tobacco,
Michigan and Solace Fine Cut,
Natural Leaf, Twist and Big Plug,
Finest and purest French Confections.
PURE DOMESTIC WINES,
Consisting of Grape, Blackberry and Elderberry
FOR MEDICINAL USE.

☞ The attention of physicians is invited to the stock of *Drugs and Medicines*, which they can purchase at reasonable prices.

Country Merchants' orders promptly filled. Goods put up with neatness and care, and at reasonable prices.

J. L. LEWIS designs keeping a first class Drug Store, and having on hand at all times a general assortment of goods. Being a Druggist of several years experience, physicians can rely on having their prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. [Feb 9, '66—tf

Clothing, etc.

RALLY! RALLY! RALLY!

Come one, come all,

and examine

THE EXCELLENT STOCK OF GOODS

AT LIPPEL'S

CLOTHING EMPORIUM AND FURNISHING

STORE.

A rare chance is offered to ALL to purchase good and seasonable goods, at the lowest prices, by calling at Lippel's.

If you would have a good suit of Ready-Made Clothing call at Lippel's.

If you would have good and cheap Ladies' Dress Goods. Calicoes, Muslins, &c., &c., &c., Call at Lippel's.

If you would have furnishing goods of all descriptions, notions, etc., call at Lippel's.

If you would have the best quality of Groceries, buy them at Lippel's.

Goods of all kinds, sold at the most reasonable prices, and country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods, at Lippel's
sep.28,'66.

CLOTHING EMPORIUM.—GEO. REIMUND, Merchant Tailor, Bedford, Pa., keeps constantly on hand ready-made clothing, such as coats, pants, vests, &c.; also a general assortment of cloths, cassimeres, and gents' furnishing goods of all kinds; also calicoes, muslins, &c., all of which *will be sold low for cash.* My room is a few doors west of Fyan's store and opposite Rush's marble yard. I invite *all* to give me a call. I have just received a stock of new goods.
may25,'66.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—The subscribers, Executors of the last Will and Testament of Artemas Bennett, late of Southampton township, Bedford county, dec'd, will offer at public sale, at the Forks of Fifteen Mile Creek, in Southampton tp., on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 19th and 20th days of March next, the following Real Estate, late the property of said deceased, viz: ONE TRACT OF LAND situate in said township, adjoining lands of Abraham S. Bennett, Abner Tewell and Moses Tewell, containing 179 acres and 50 perches nett measure. This tract is mountain land, has on it a log dwelling house and some cleared land, and will be sold on the 19th. One other TRACT OF LAND in the same township, adjoining lands of Daniel S. Bennett, George S. Bennett, and others, containing 88 acres and 150 perches, nett. This tract is situate on the forks of Fifteen Mile Creek, and has thereon erected two log dwelling houses, a double log barn, shedded all round, with two large threshing floors, and outbuildings; about 35 or 40 acres cleared and in cultivation, and will be sold on the 19th, on the premises. One other TRACT OF LAND, in the same township, known as the "Wigfield tract," adjoining lands of James Murphy, Philip Moss' heirs and others, containing 67 acres and 12 perches, and will be sold on the 19th. Also one TRACT OF TIMBER LAND, on Tussey's mountain, in the same township, adjoining lands of Solomon Smith and others, containing 253 acres and 7 perches, nett measure. This tract will be sold on the 19th. Also, TWO LOTS OF GROUND in Clearville, Monroe township, one containing 1 acre and 100 perches, and the other 57 perches, nett. These lots will be sold on the 20th, on the premises.

TERMS: One-half in hand on the 1st of April, when possession will be given, the balance in one year without interest.

☞ Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A M., on the 19th, and 1 o'clock, P. M., on the 20th.

GEORGE S. BENNETT,
mar1w3

Hotel.

BEDFORD HOTEL.—The undersigned having taken charge of the Bedford Hotel, formerly kept by Col. John Hafer, announces to the public that he will be able to afford the best accommodations, both to the traveling public and home custom. The house will be improved and re-fitted, and the Bar will always be well supplied with choice liquors. His table will be supplied with the choicest edibles of the season, and he will spare no pains to make it suitable for all. His stable is one of the best in Bedford, and a good hostler will always be in attendance.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month or year. Terms reasonable. The public are respectfully invited to give him a call.

JOSHUA J. SHOEMAKER.

Jan. 15, '64

THE MENGEL HOUSE,
Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform the travelling public that he has recently enlarged, improved and refitted his house, both for the accommodation of travelers and boarders, as well as country customers. Persons coming to this place for the purpose of visiting the Bedford Springs, will find this house pleasantly located.

Ample and convenient Stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also a safe and convenient carriage house.

All are invited to give him a call.

ISAAC MENGEL, Proprietor.

April 15, '64.

MORRISON HOUSE,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

I have purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public.—The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.

I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON.

may25,'66.–tf.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce that they have leased the above named hotel for a term of years. The house is delightfully situated, convenient to the Penna. Railroad Depot and well arranged and adapted for a public hotel. The proprietors intend that their table shall not be second to that of any country hotel, and their bar will always be provided with the choicest liquors. A share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. FEE & AULTZ.

Huntingdon, Pa., Jan 4, 1867.—1y.

UNION HOTEL,
WEST PITT ST., BEDFORD, PA:

V. STECKMAN, Proprietor.

This excellent hotel is now prepared to accommodate the public in the best manner and on the most liberal terms.

May 9, '62.

WEAVER HOTEL, *St. Clairsville, Pa.*—The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has leased the hotel lately kept by Mr. S. Crissman, St Clairsville, Pa., where he will accommodate all who may favor him with their custom.

HENRY WEAVER.

jun8.–3m.

JACKSON HOTEL,
Railroad Street,
HUNTINGDON, Pa.

C. SNELL.
Proprietor.

apr.13,'66.

$1,500 PER YEAR! We want agents every where to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years.—Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are *infringements*, and the *seller* or *user* are *liable to arrest, fine, and imprisonment.* Circulars *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ills. [Dec. 22, '65—1y

$90 A MONTH! Agents wanted for *six entirely new articles*, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. [Dec. 22, '65—1y

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of J. B. Williams & Brother, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons owing accounts or notes to said firm will please call and settle immediately, as in a short time they will be placed in other hands for collection.

J. B. WILLIAMS,
S. D. WILLIAMS.

Bloody Run, March 15, '66.

The undersigned having taken the stand heretofore occupied by J. B. Williams & Brother, wishes to say to his friends that he feels grateful for past favors and begs a continuance of the same. But will give notice that he cannot sell goods on long credits, and persons buying must not leave their accounts stand over six months.

J. B. WILLIAMS.

Bloody Run, March 15, '66.

PUMPS!!!

I am engaged in selling the
ERIE PUMP—
certainly the only pump
well adapted to this
climate
Persons in need of a
GOOD PUMP,
will do well to give me a call.

☞Orders from all parts of the county attended to with promptness.

ADDRESS:
WM. C. SNIVELY,
Schellsburg

Aug. 1, '65—1y

1866. PHILADELPHIA 1866.
WALL PAPERS.
NEW FALL STYLES.
HOWELL & BOURKE,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PAPER HANGINGS, and WINDOW SHADES,
Corner FOURTH & MARKET STREETS,
PHILADELPHIA.

N. B. Always in Store, a large Stock of LINEN & OIL SHADES.

oct 5–3m*

WANTED, AGENTS!!—Great chance for Agents in every county of our glorious Union, to sell our Maps, Charts and Photographs. Good Agents are making $200 a month. New charts issued monthly. Everybody will find this a respectable and profitable business, as we offer large inducements. Send for circular and particulars. Address

HAASIS & LUBRECHT,
Publishers of popular Maps, Charts, etc.,
nov2w2 108 Liberty St., New York.

HENRY HARPER,
No. 520 ARCH Street,
PHILADELPHIA,

Has a large Stock of fine
WATCHES,
JEWELRY,
SILVER-WARE and
SILVER PLATED WARE,
Suitable for Holiday and Bridal PRESENTS.

nov.16.–m2.

THE Local circulation of the BEDFORD GAZETTE is larger than that of any other paper in this section of country, and therefore offers the greatest inducements to business men to advertise in its columns.

LETTER HEADS AND BILL HEADS, and ENVELOPES for business men, printed in the best style of the art, at THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE.

EVERY VARIETY AND STYLE OF JOB PRINTING neatly executed at low rates at THE BEDFORD GAZETTE office. Call and leave your orders.

TERMS for every description of Job PRINTING CASH! for the reason that for every article *we* use, we must pay cash; and the cash system will enable us to do our work as low as it can be done in the cities.

MERCHANTS and MECHANICS, and Business men generally will advance their own interests by advertising in the columns of THE GAZETTE.

SLIP BILLS, PROGRAMMES, POSTERS, and all kinds of PLAIN and FANCY JOB PRINTING, done with neatness and despatch, at THE GAZETTE office.

H. F. IRVINE,
ANDERSON'S ROW, BEDFORD, PA.,
Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Queensware, and Varieties. ☞Orders from Country Merchants respectfully solicited.

Oct 20, 1865.

MAMMOTH SALE BILLS, printed at short notice. Large Bills make large sales. We know it to be so. TRY IT! It will much more than pay the *extra expense* of printing. Call at THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE

Medical.

$100 REWARD!

I will pay to any Doctor or member of the Medical Fraternity, the sum of $100 for any Compound that possesses more medicinal virtues and curative powers than Mishler's Herb Bitters.

B. MISHLER, Proprietor,
S. E. Corner of Centre Square,
may11.—1y. Lancaster, Pa.

$100 REWARD!

I will pay $100 Reward for the discovery of any medicinal preparation that can cure a greater variety of complaints than Mishler's Herb Bitters.

B. MISHLER, Proprietor,
S. E. Corner of Centre Square,
may11.—1y Lancaster, Pa.

500 DOLLARS REWARD!

I will pay $500 to the Proprietor of any Medicine that can show a greater number of genuine Certificates of cures effected by it near the place where it is made, than MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS—of Consumption, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Bloody Flux, Diarrhœa, Typhoid, Remittent, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Cholera Morbus, Yellow Jaundice, Scrofula, Running or Sore Legs, Cancer, Abscess, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Coughs, Colds, Cramp in the Stomach, Chronic Diarrhœa, Piles, Tetter, Scald Head, Ophnema, or falling away-sickness peculiar to children, Leucorrhea, Falling of the Womb, all obstructions to the due course of nature in females, all venerial diseases, and all complaints arising from impure Blood or a weak and disordered state of the Stomach, Liver or Kidneys. Certificates of cures of the Yellow Fever in Mexico can also be furnished. *Remember* if it does not cure, the money will be refunded by the proprietor.

BENJAMIN MISHLER,
E. Corner of Centre Square,
Lancaster, Pa.

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

The ingredients used in compounding Mishler's Herb Bitters are not kept secret by the Proprietor. Send for a circular and you will learn the medical properties of all the articles used in its preparation; also in the manner in which they operate on the system, and much other valuable information. If you are afflicted with disease send for one of Mishler's Herb Bitters Circulars; read it carefully, profit by the hints it contains, and you will be placed on the sure road of recovery.

may11.—1y.

MISHLER'S BITTERS
WILL
CURE ALL DISEASES OF THE SKIN!

Diseases of the skin are numerous and, with but one or two exceptions, may all be traced to impurity of the blood. In many persons this impurity is born in the system; while others acquire it through improper treatment of scores of diseases. Under this head may be classed—

1st, Scrofula,—This disease is hereditary and is transmitted from generation to generation It is caused by a transgression of the laws of nature, both moral and physical; in other words, it is caused by *vice*. Acting as a latent poison, it reduces the vitality of the blood, and weakens the depurating organs, so that they fail to discharge or cast out the impurities that are continually generating in the system. A person physically pure acquires gonorhœa, or some other secret disease; he undergoes a course of mercury, the disease is dried up, and the patient pronounced well. Vain delusion. The complaint is not cured, its channel is only diverted. Instead of making its appearance outwardly, it acts on the internal organs, and scrofula, which is bequeathed from father to son, is the result. Many persons who are perfectly free from all immorality and vice are afflicted with scrofula. They are suffering for the sins of their fathers and laboring under the curse inscribed in scribed in the Book of Books. "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

To cure this dreadful complaint it is necessary that the blood should be thoroughly purified, all the organs of the body brought into a healthy state of action, and the system braced up and strengthened by invigorating tonics. Look at the articles used in compounding Mishler's Bitters; see the array of purifying and invigorating medicaments, and say whether there is an article in the whole list of medicines that equals it. We here emphatically assert, without fear of contradiction, that

Mishler's Bitters will Cure all kinds of Scrofulous Diseases.

It purifies the blood, it strengthens the internal organs and aids them to perform their natural functions, it is a stimulant and a tonic and it will cure Scrofula.

2d, Running Sores and Ulcers.—Running sores and ulcers invariably indicate a scrofulous taint. They are caused by the efforts of nature to discharge the impurities of the blood. Many persons afflicted with running sores and ulcers succeeded in drying them up and think they are cured when the skin grows over the sore. They are, however, "but making bad worse," for the impurities that were discharged from the system through the medium of the sore now act internally and cause innumerable diseases and often death. The only true and sure cure for all running sores and ulcers is Mishler's Bitters, a continued and persevering use of which will most certainly effect a *permanent cure.*

3d. Salt Rheum.—Salt Rheum is a vague, indefinite, though, popular term given to almost all the non-febrile eruptions of the skin which afflict adults. It is generally an eruption of vesicles in small, distinct ulcers, accompanied with a smarting, tingling sensation, with a tendency to creep or spread over the adjoining surface. Mishler's bitters are a sure cure for this disease.

4th. Pimples and Blotches.—Pimples and Blotches on the skin are always a sure sign of impure blood. Although never dangerous, except in cases of carbuncles, they are very disagreeable.—Often we will see the most handsome features rendered hideous by great blotches and pimples, and instead of the pleasing look which should irradiate the human face we see nothing but disgusting corruption; for pimples and blotches are nothing but the corrupt accumulations of the system expelled through the medium of the skin. The use of Mishler's Bitters will force these corruptions to be discharged through the natural channels, and thus cures all kinds of pimples and blotches. Ladies who desire a fair complection, free from pimples should bear this fact in mind.

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With stary eyes, and radient hair,
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WHITE LIQUID
ENAMEL,

For improving and beautifying the complexion. The most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint, that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Blotches, Pimples, Moth Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use cannot be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable preparation is perfectly harmless. It is the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian as indispensable to a perfect toilet. Upwards of 30,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guarantee of its ef